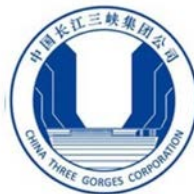




**National Research Center for
Resettlement (NRCR)
Hohai University**

**International Training Workshop on
Management of Land Acquisition,
Resettlement, and Rehabilitation
(MLARR)**

**OCTOBER 30 ~ NOVEMBER 10, 2017
NANJING, CHINA**



COURSE DESCRIPTION

Proper policies, planning, implementation and management of resettlement and rehabilitation can go a long way in reducing public resentment and resistance to infrastructure investment. However, a major challenge in this regard is the weak capacity to address land acquisition and involuntary resettlement globally. This is reflected in the limited professional staff, knowledge, technical expertise and operational experiences in resettlement policies, planning, implementation and management. Many countries have developed legislative and policy framework to manage issues in land acquisition, resettlement, rehabilitation and social safeguard.

Management of Land Acquisition, Resettlement and Rehabilitation (MLARR) has to become an integral part of the process of infrastructural development. China has vast experiences both with development-induced-displacement and policy development in MLARR. With the largest number of dams, transportation, mining and fast paced urban development projects, the number of people affected by the infrastructure projects is very high in China. A major policy development in China was the vastly improved compensation and R & R standards for reservoir resettlement in 1991. The improved legal entitlements bestowed the affected families with vastly improved compensation standards, annuity payments spanning 30 years, post resettlement fund (to be contributed by power companies) for livelihoods development, community facilities and retrospective annuity payments to the affected persons. The NRCR International Program on MLARR is launched with an objective of providing the social specialists/resettlement professionals with a platform for elaborate discussion of the existing challenges and to equip them with a comprehensive understanding of the good practices in their effective management. The Course will aim at disseminating information on best practices in various aspects of LA, R & R in variety of development projects such as hydropower, irrigation, road, highway, railway, mining, energy, urban and rural development etc.

COURSE VENUE	The Course is fully residential . The study tour to the Three Gorges Dam and Gezhouba Dam Projects and other places will also be coordinated by NRCR. A few very experienced international experts will be trainers.
PARTICIPANT PROFILE	The course is targeted to current and intending Officers/Practitioners/NGOs in Land Acquisition, R & R, social safeguard, environment departments. It is also open to advanced students interested in the management of social issues associated with development.
COURSE DURATION	The Course will be held from 30 October -11 November, 2017 . The participants are expected to arrive a day before commencement and may leave after the conclusion of the Course.
COURSE FEE (Payment TOC after Registration)	The Per Participant Fee is \$ 4800 (400 USD per day / per person). The Course fee is inclusive of Faculty Cost, Board & Lodging in China; Domestic Travel, Stay and Honorarium of External Resource Persons, Courseware, Training Kit and Stationery, Field Visits and Sight Seeing Visits.
DEADLINE	Application deadline is 31 August, 2017 .
LANGUAGE	Language of instruction is English .
REGISTRATION & INFORMATION	Contact Dr. Yi Li, yili@hhu.edu.cn , +86 25 83718914 (fax)

COURSE MODULE

The Course would follow a case study approach to sensitize the participants of various challenges/good practices in MLARR so as to enable them to effectively address/replicate these in their respective projects

- MLARR in Global Context
- Resettlement Policy Framework
- Resettlement Planning
- Social Impact Assessment
- Resettlement Implementation
- Livelihood Restoration and Development
- Resettlement Management
- Social Issues
- Way Forward -Land Pooling
- Way Forward – Benefit Sharing
- Study Tour (5 days)



STUDY TOUR

- **Five-Day Three Gorges Study Tour**, including dam and power plant visit, urban and rural resettlement site visits and interviewing, RR and economic development and environment conservation measures and actions



ANCHORING INSTITUTIONS

The National Research Centre for Resettlement (NRCR), Hohai University

the first specialised scientific research institution on involuntary resettlement in the world. NRCR is the leading institution for consulting, research and training in resettlement and social safeguards in all development projects in China. NRCR is a major partnering institution of the international institutions like the World Bank, Asian Development Bank, European Investment Bank etc. in the area of resettlement and social safeguards.



China Three Gorges Projects Development Co., Ltd

China Three Gorges Corporation (CTG) was founded for constructing the Three Gorges Project and developing the Yangtze River, and the company grew with the development of the project and river. Over the past 24 years since its founding in 1993, CTG has developed continuously and rapidly, becoming the world's largest hydropower development company and China's largest clean energy group. CTG's primary businesses cover large-scale hydropower project construction and management, operation and management of large cascade hydropower plants in river basins, international investment and engineering contracting, development of new energy, such as wind power and solar energy, comprehensive development and utilization of water resources, relevant professional technical services, etc.

China Three Gorges University

China Three Gorges University (CTGU) was founded on the 29th of June 2000 in Yichang City, the hydroelectric capital of the world, a city famous for its tourism attractions and home to the construction of the Three Gorges Project. CTGU is a comprehensive university, which comprises the former University of Hydraulic & Electric Engineering/Yichang and Hubei Sanxia University. CTGU teaches a wide range of disciplines, enrolls students from all over the country as well as international students, and puts lots of efforts to improve and develop the hydroelectric field of study.

The Centre for Excellence in Management of Land Acquisition, Resettlement and Rehabilitation (CMLARR), Administrative Staff College of India, (ASCI),

Hyderabad, established with the support of the World Bank and AusAID has been leading the capacity building interventions for LARR specialist officers in the South Asian region. Among the prominent international assignments successfully completed by the Centre include the specialised courses for formulating Resettlement Policies for various countries, International South-South Learning Events etc, International programs on improved management of LARR.

FIELDTRIP - STUDY TOUR TO THREE GORGES PROJECT, CHINA

The Three Gorges Project (TGP) is one of the biggest hydropower-complex projects in the world. The dam is located in one of the three gorges of the river, which controls a drainage area of 1 million km², and an average annual runoff of 451 billion m³. With a total installed capacity of 22,200 MW, the Three Gorges Hydropower Station can generate more than 84.7 billion KWH a year, one-ninth of the total generated power in China. The length of reservoir is more than 600 kilometers. The project was started in 1993 and completed in 2009. The total cost of the project is about 248.4 billion Yuan RMB; 126.3 millions for dam construction, 36.5 millions for transmission lines and 85.6 millions for resettlement.



The Three Gorges reservoir inundated 632 km² of land, including 24,500 ha of farmland and displaced and resettled about 1.3 million affected people. It has flooded, relocated and rehabilitated about 13 cities, 140 towns, 1350 villages, 1632 enterprises and other infrastructures in the reservoirs areas. The Chinese government initiated many long-term compensation, benefit-sharing, post-support policy and implementation measures for the affected people. It established the institutional system to manage the planning, design and implementation activities of resettlement, social, environmental and culture heritage protection activities from central to local levels. The Study would provide a comprehensive of understanding the challenges and good practices in China.



NANJING ACCOMMODATION

Grand Hotel 南京古南都饭店 (No.208, Guangzhou Road, Nanjing China)

Nanjing Grand Hotel is a 5-star luxurious hotel for international business and leisure customers. It is strategically located in the city's busy downtown area, right next to the Provincial Sports Center and adjacent to two renowned universities and the biggest hospital of the Jiangsu Province of which Nanjing is the capital. The hotel enjoys convenient transport and offers tranquility among the hustle and bustle of the fast developing metropolis. The hotel boasts its 305 spacious and comfortable guest rooms/suites, with standard rooms elegantly decorated and well-appointed, apartments equipped with a private kitchen and rooms for the handicapped.

The hotel possesses advanced facilities and offers meticulous services. Various F&B outlets provide cuisine of Chinese, Western and Japanese flavors. Fitness and recreation, conference and business, and shopping facilities are established to suit the needs of all its honored customers. The management and staff of the hotel will spare no efforts in making the hotel your "home away from home", you feel most welcome, and your stay a pleasant and memorable experience by way of exceeding each and every one of your high expectations!

FIELD STUDY ACCOMMODATION

China Three Gorges Corporation Training Center

China Three Gorges Corporation Training Center is established in 1994 as the platform between the corporation and the governments, client enterprises in the target market as well as related international organizations, associations through participating or undertaking international exchange activities.



HOHAI UNIVERSITY



Hohai University, founded in 1915, wins its worldwide reputation for research and study of water conservancy. The history of Hohai University can be traced back to Hohai Civil Engineering School, which was established by ZhangJian, a famous industrialist and educator in China's modern history, and it was the first institution focusing on research and education of water conservancy in China. Under the background of the nationwide reconstruction of universities in 1952, East China Technical University of Water Resources was founded on the basis of water related disciplines of Nanjing University, Tongji University, Shanghai Jiao Tong University and Zhejiang University, which made it famous with excellent faculty and notable achievement. It was renamed Hohai University in 1985, and Mr. Deng Xiaoping inscribed the name of the University.

Located in Nanjing , the capital city of ancient China, Hohai University includes two other beautiful campuses, Changzhou and Jiangning, taking up an area of about 1,533,333 m². Hohai University is an ideal place to study with its beautiful scenery and tree-lined campus.

Hohai University is a state key university under the direct administration of Ministry of Education of China. It is a comprehensive university with research and study of water conservancy as its main task, education of engineering subjects as its first priority, and coordinated development of many other disciplines covering engineering, science, economics, management, liberal arts, and law. . It is also among the group of universities to benefit from Project 211.

In recent years, the university also has conducted many research projects from the key infrastructure construction in water conservancy and hydropower engineering throughout the nation, such as Three Gorges, South-North Water Transfer, Xiaolangdi, Yangtze Estuary channel regulation project, the Huaihe River sea-outfall project, Ertan, Xiluodu, Longtan, Nanjing Metro, Shanghai-Nanjing Expressway, Shan-Fen expressway, Nanjing Second Changjiang River Bridge, Runyang Bridge. Etc. Some research achievements, reaching the international advanced level, have been awarded more than 20 national science and technology prizes and 265 provincial science and technology prizes.

Hohai University has extensive ties with other universities and research institutes, and is one of the first universities in China qualified to award bachelor, master and doctor degrees to international students, and it also has conducted exchanges or other kinds of collaborative activities with more than 70 universities and research institutes from the United States, United Kingdom, France, Russia, Germany, Holland, Australia, Japan and Hong Kong. Thousands of international students from over 90 countries in Africa, Asia, America, Europe, and Oceania have completed their studies in Hohai University. To encourage high-caliber international students to study at Hohai, the University established Hohai Scholarship for International Students in 2005.

CITY OF NANJING

Charming Nanjing, the Magnificent City

Nanjing is the capital of Jiangsu Province in East China, running through the city are lower reaches of the Yangtze River whose estuary is not far away. Nanjing enjoys a civilization of over 6000 years and the city itself was founded 2500 years ago. Enclosed by mountains and rivers, and located in a strategic place, it boasts picturesque scenery that blends natural landscape with towering modern buildings, integrating traditional styles with modern civilization. Thus it was known as a unique historic and cultural city to the world.

A Historic City

As one of the Four Ancient Capitals, Nanjing is a vital cradle of Chinese civilization and over a long stretch of time, it has been the political and cultural pivot of South China, thus dubbed as the Capital of Ten Ancient Dynasties, rich in both cultural heritage and historical relics. Among the landmarks of Nanjing there are the City Wall, the Ming Xiaoling Mausoleum, Dr. Sun Yat-sen Mausoleum, Presidential Palace and Confucius Temple.

A Creative City

Over the thousands of years of its development, Nanjing has never been want of creative innovations, ranging from Mr. Zu Chongzhi's (Jin Dynasty, 429-500 AD) modified calendar and calculated 7 decimals of the ratio of circumference Pi, the marvelous Great Gratitude Temple built in the Ming Dynasty, Laomendong (literally means the old east gate) historic and cultural district with distinct Nanjing characteristics, to the Creative Nanjing-New Generation Design Exhibition that engages the whole city. Nanjing has become a paradise for young entrepreneurs coming from different corners of the world with their aspirations. The 2500 years of cultural legend has contributed to the essence of this creative city.

A Dynamic City

On the evening of August 16, 2014, II Summer Youth Olympic Games made its debut in the resonating anthem Light up the Future. During the 12 days, over 3700 young athletes from the five continents challenged themselves in the arena in pursuit of excellence, and meanwhile, they also gained better understanding and friendship with each other in the cultural sports event. Nanjing the ancient city has been dynamized by the vigour and passion of Youth Olympic Games.

A City with Youthful Vigour

Following the 2014 Youth Olympic Games, the ancient yet vigorous city is bound to amaze the world once more.

